

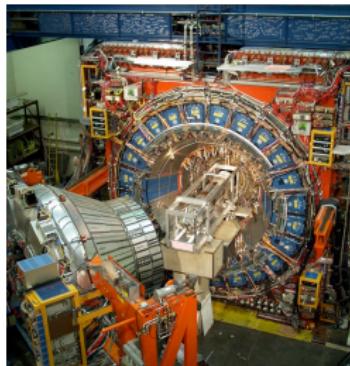
# ICHEP Summary: (A few) Selected Tevatron results

Scott Snyder

BNL

Sep 18, 2008

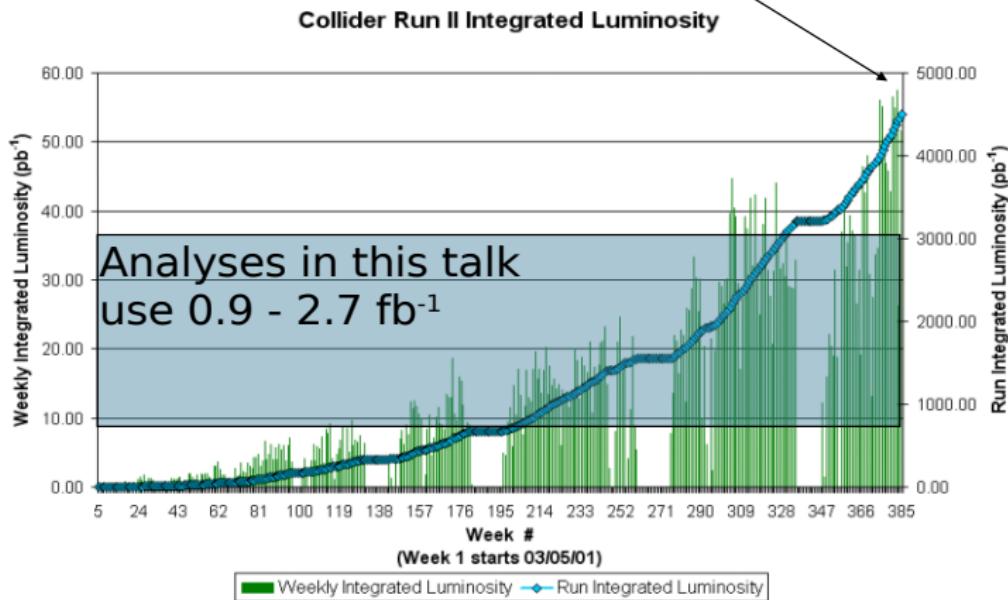
# The Tevatron at Fermilab



- $p\bar{p}$  collider at Fermilab  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96 \text{TeV}$
- Average initial:  $>280 \times 10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- 40+ pb<sup>-1</sup> per week
- Recorded in total  $\int \mathcal{L} \sim 4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  per experiment

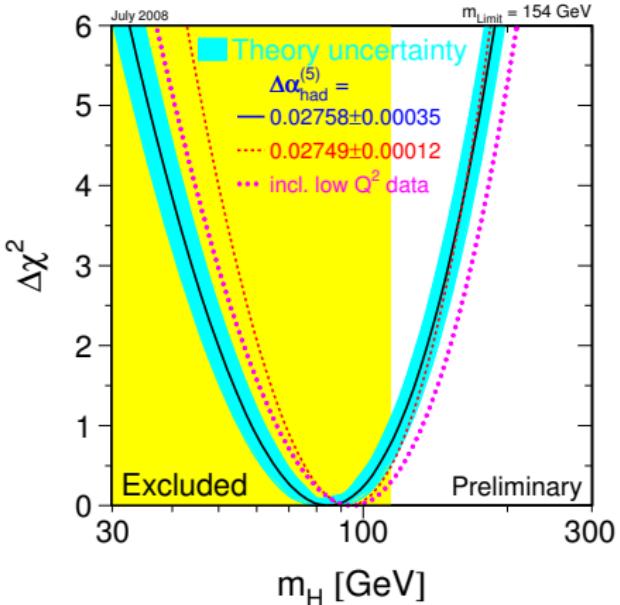
# Tevatron Integrated Luminosity

- Tevatron is performing extremely well  $\sim 58 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  / week!



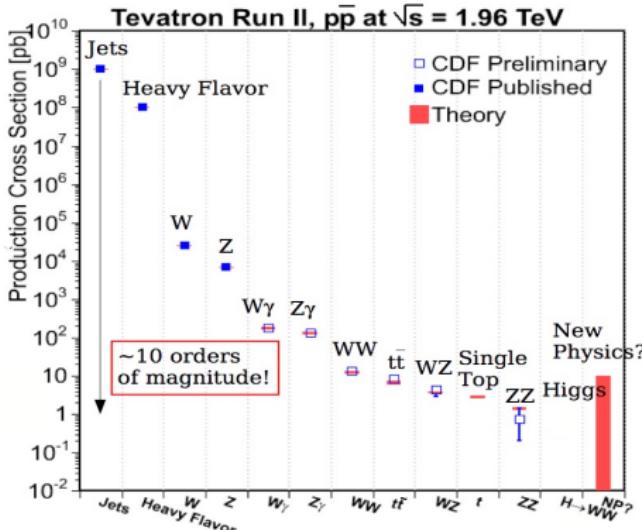
- Expect  $6-8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  datasets by end of 2009 (possibly run in 2010)

# SM Higgs

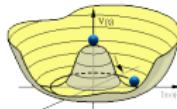


Current limits:

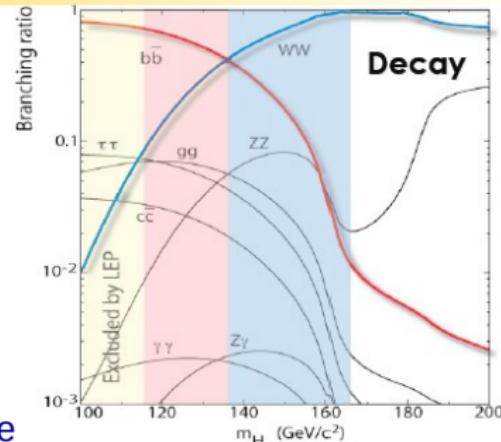
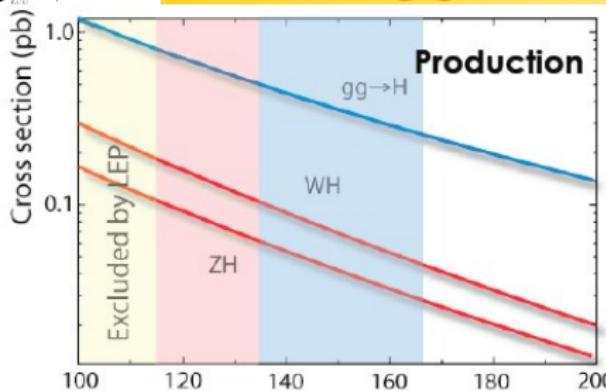
- $m_H > 114 \text{ GeV}$  (LEP direct)
- $m_H < 154 \text{ GeV}$  (indirect)
- $m_H < 185 \text{ GeV}$  (indirect + LEP)



- A very rare process!
- Lepton ID,  $\not{E}_T$ .
- $b$ -tagging.
- Careful background estimation.
- Extensive use of multivariate discriminants (NN, BDT, ME).



# SM Higgs Production and Decay



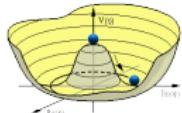
- High mass:  $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\bar{v}l\bar{v}$  decay available
  - Take advantage of large  $gg \rightarrow H$  production cross section
- Low Mass:  $H \rightarrow bb$ , QCD  $bb$  background overwhelming
  - Use associated production with W or Z for background discrimination
  - $WH \rightarrow l\bar{v}bb$ ,  $ZH \rightarrow v\bar{v}bb$  (MET+ $bb$ ),  $ZH \rightarrow llbb$
  - Also: VBF Production,  $VH \rightarrow qqbb$ ,  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (with 2 jets),  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ,  $WH \rightarrow WWW$ ,  $ttH$

## A few statistics

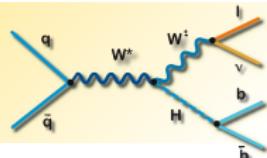
- Many different decay channels to consider.
- Must combine *all* channels across *both* experiments for full significance.
- Total of 77 input channels:

$$\begin{array}{lll} WH \rightarrow \ell\nu bb & WH \rightarrow \tau\nu bb & WH \rightarrow WWW \\ ZH \rightarrow \ell\ell bb & VH \rightarrow E_T bb & VH \rightarrow qqbb \\ H \rightarrow WW & H \rightarrow \tau\tau & H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma \qquad \qquad ttH \end{array}$$

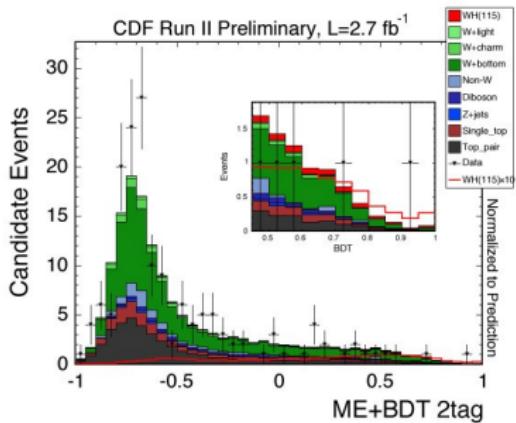
- At  $m_H = 115$  GeV
  - ▶ 10827 Background events predicted
  - ▶ 37 SM Higgs signal events predicted
  - ▶ 10746 Events observed in data
- At  $m_H = 160$  GeV
  - ▶ 2622 Background events predicted
  - ▶ 34 SM Higgs signal events predicted
  - ▶ 2578 Events observed in data



# SM Higgs: $W H \rightarrow l\nu b\bar{b}$

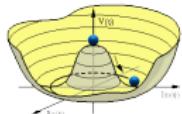


- WH $\rightarrow l\nu b\bar{b}$  - signature: high pT lepton, MET and b jets
  - Backgrounds: W+bb, W+qq(mistagged), single top, Non W(QCD)
  - Key issue: estimating W+bb background
    - Shape from MC with normalization from data control regions
  - Innovations: CDF: 20% acceptance from isolated tracks, ME with NN jet corrections  
DØ : 20% acceptance from forward leptons, use 3 jet events



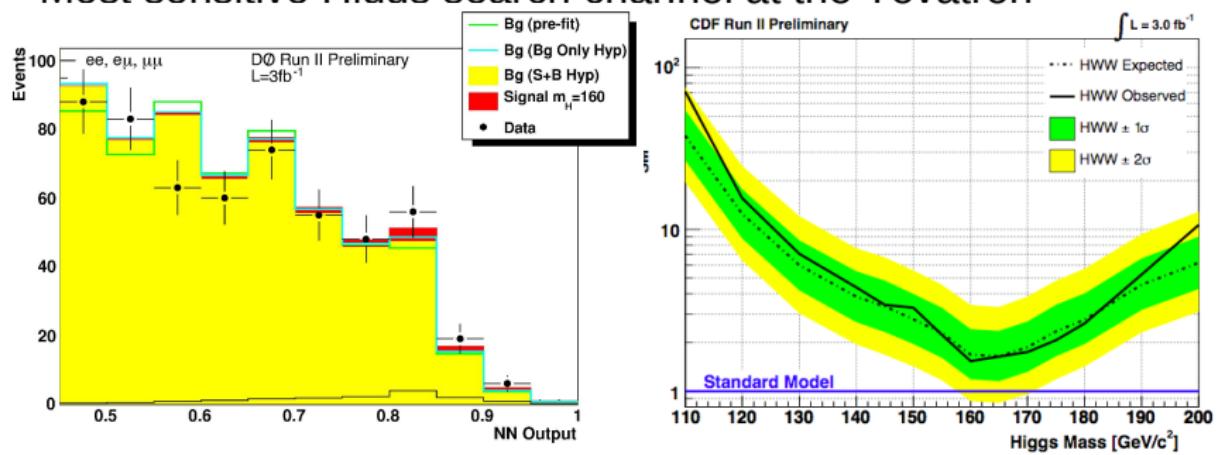
Results at  $m_H = 115 \text{ GeV}$ : 95%CL Limits/SM

Analysis	Lum ( $\text{fb}^{-1}$ )	Higgs Events	Exp. Limit	Obs. Limit
CDF NN	2.7	8.3	5.8	5.0
CDF ME+BDT	2.7	7.8	5.6	5.7
DØ NN	1.7	7.5	8.5	9.3



# SM Higgs: $H \rightarrow WW$

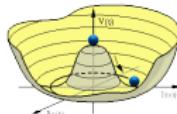
- Most sensitive Higgs search channel at the Tevatron



Results at  $m_H = 165\text{ GeV}$  : 95%CL Limits/SM

Both experiments  
Approaching  
SM sensitivity!

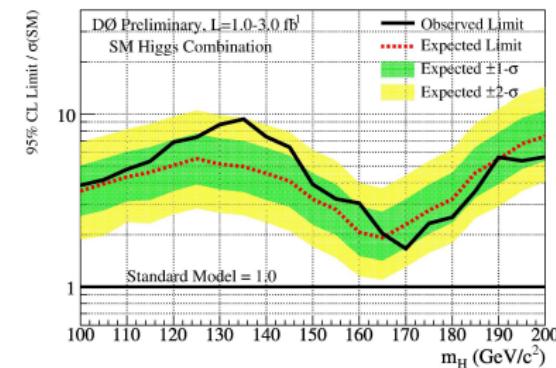
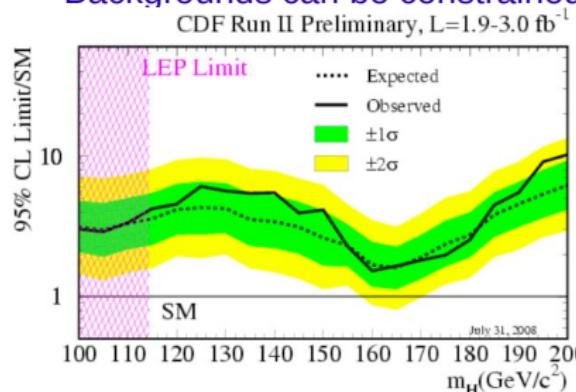
Analysis	Lum (fb <sup>-1</sup> )	Higgs Events	Exp. Limit	Obs. Limit
CDF ME+NN	3.0	17.2	1.6	1.6
DØ NN	3.0	15.6	1.9	2.0



# SM Higgs Combined Limits

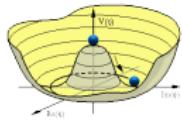
## Limits calculating and combination

- Using Bayesian and CLs methodologies.
- Incorporate systematic uncertainties using pseudo-experiments (shape and rate included) (correlations taken into account between experiments)
- Backgrounds can be constrained in the fit



## Low mass combination difficult due to ~70 channels

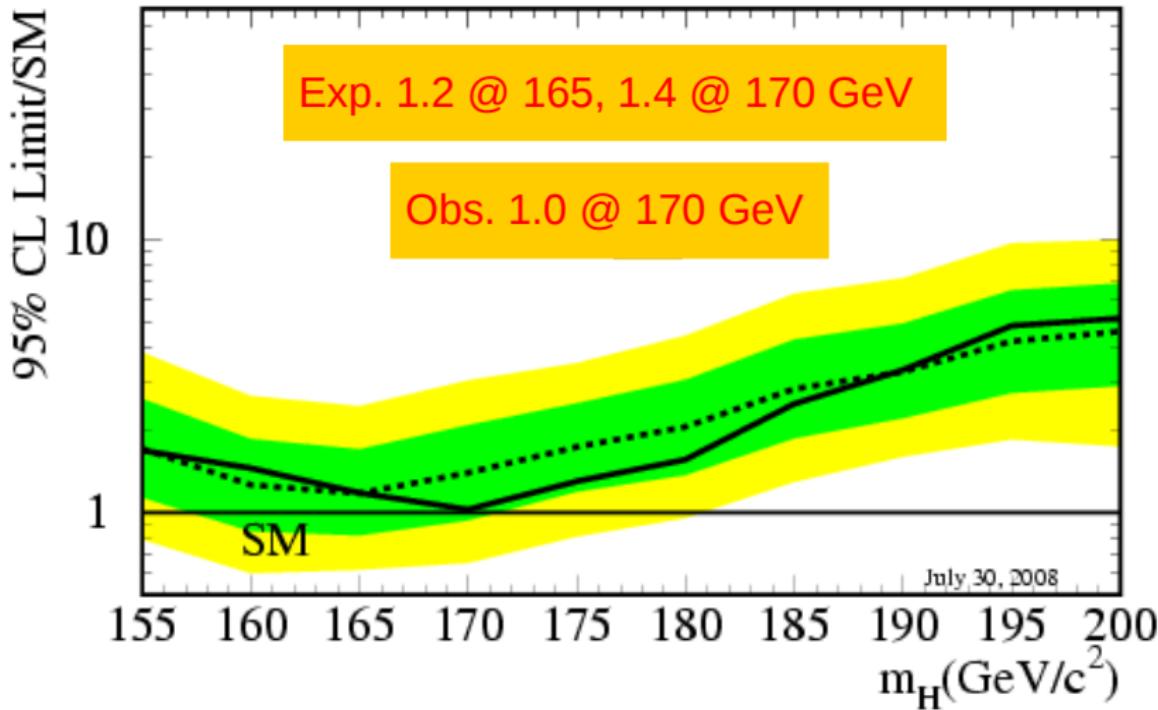
- Expected sensitivity of CDF/DØ combined: <3.0xSM @ 115GeV

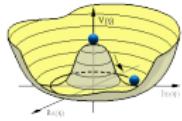


# SM Higgs Combination

High mass only

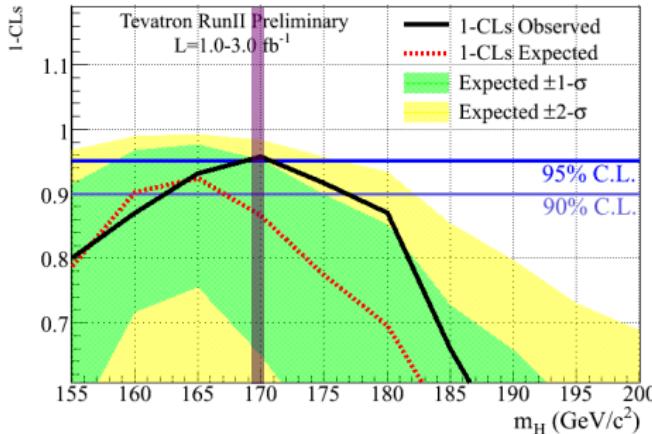
Tevatron Run II Preliminary,  $L=3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$





# SM Higgs Combination

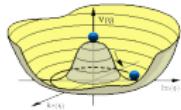
- Result verified using two independent methods(Bayesian/CLs)



M Higgs(GeV)	160	165	170	175
Method 1: Exp	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.7
Method 1: Obs	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.3
Method 2: Exp	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.7
Method 2: Obs	1.3	1.1	0.95	1.2

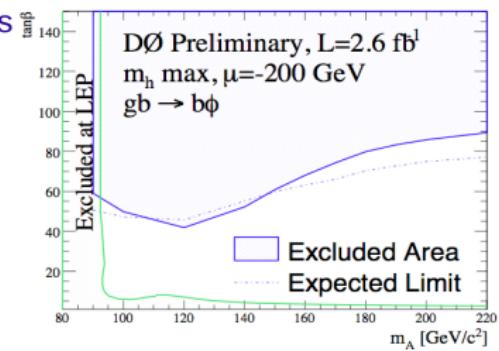
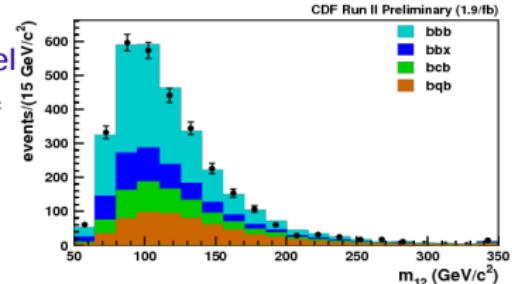
SM Higgs Excluded:  $m_H = 170 \text{ GeV}$

- We exclude at 95% C.L. the production of a SM Higgs boson of 170 GeV



# BSM Higgs: $\phi \rightarrow bb$

- CDF and DØ 3b channel:  $b\phi \rightarrow bbb$ .
  - Di-b-jet background too large in  $\phi \rightarrow bb$  channel
  - Search for peak in di-b-jet mass distribution of leading jets
- Key issue: understanding the quark content of the 3 jets
  - CDF: Secondary vertex tagger and vertex mass
  - DØ: NN tagger using multiple operating points
  - Simulation/data driven studies of background
- No Evidence for Higgs:
  - Limits  $\tan\beta$  vs  $m_A$
  - 3b search very sensitive with certain SUSY parameter choices



Other BSM modes:  $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ ,  $WH \rightarrow WWW$ ,  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ .

# What We Can Learn From the Top Quark

- Questions

What is the Higgs  
boson mass?

Do we understand heavy  
flavor production in QCD?

Are there more than  
three fermion generations?

Are there new  
massive particles?

Do all quarks have  
the expected couplings?

- Measurements in this talk

Single top cross section

Constraints on  $Wtb$  couplings

Searches for  $H^+ \rightarrow tb$ ,  $t \rightarrow H^+ b$

Search for FCNC

Top quark pair cross section

Top quark mass

Forward-backward charge  
asymmetry

$M_{tt}$  distribution

Search for  $t'$  quark

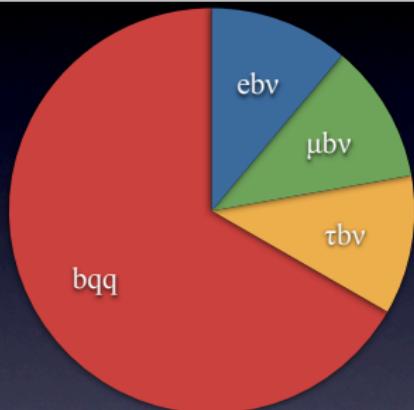
$W$  boson helicity

Top quark branching fractions

# Top Quark Signatures

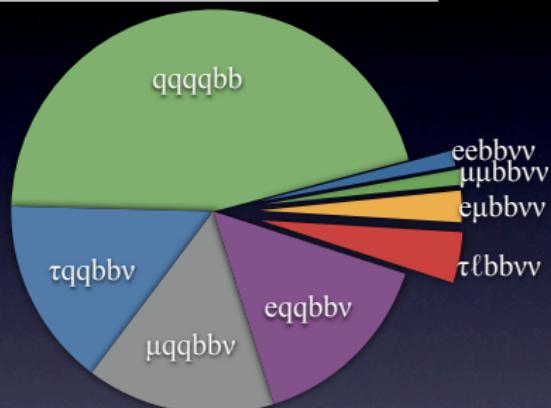
- Single top quark:

Tevatron cross section:  $\sim 3 \text{ pb}$



- Top quark pair:

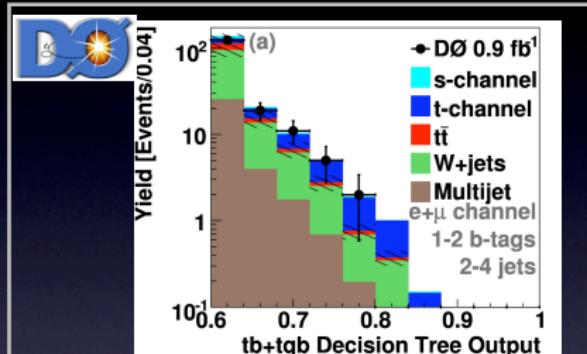
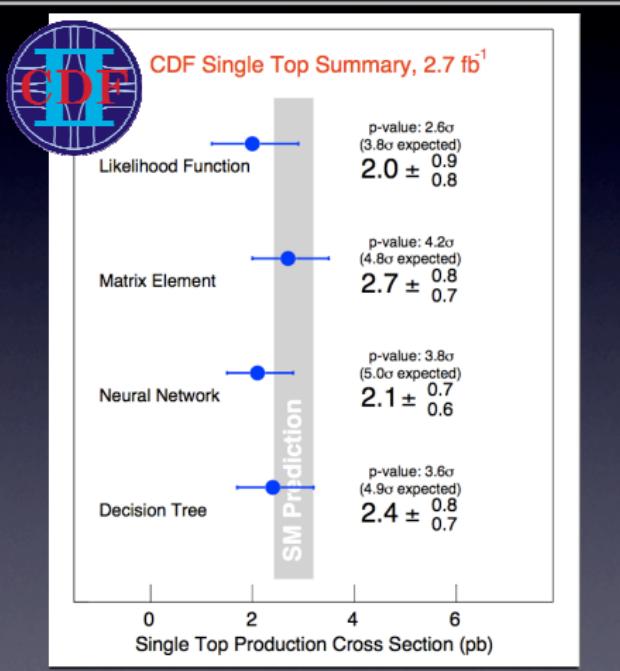
Tevatron cross section:  $\sim 7 \text{ pb}$



- Dominant backgrounds arise from vector boson + jet production
  - Good  $b$  jet and lepton ID, missing  $E_T$  resolution help in finding top quarks

# Single Top Cross Section

- Both CDF and DØ use several multivariate discriminants to find single top candidates:

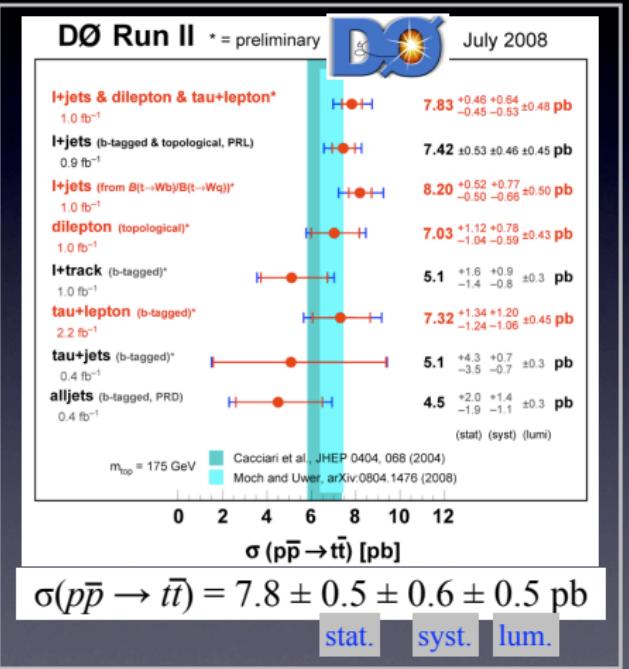
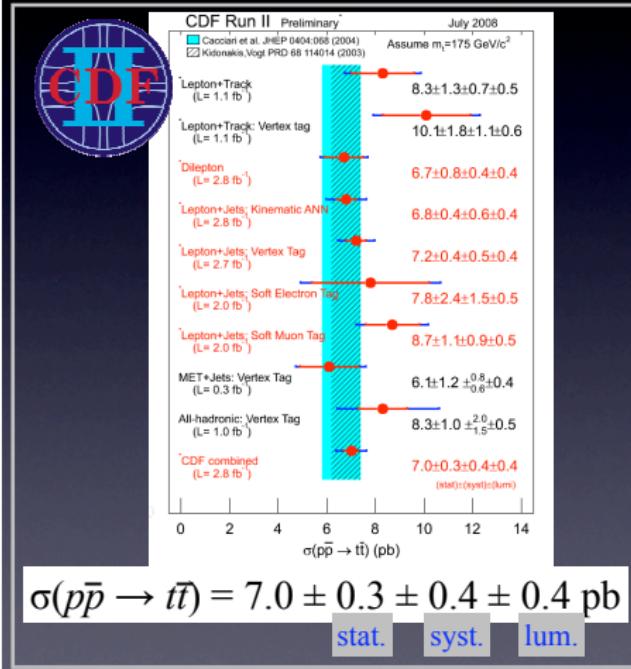


- Combining methods:

DØ:  $\sigma = 4.7 \pm 1.3 \text{ pb}$   
3.6 $\sigma$  significance (obs)  
2.3 $\sigma$  significance (exp)  
 $|V_{tb}| > 0.68$  @ 95% C.L.

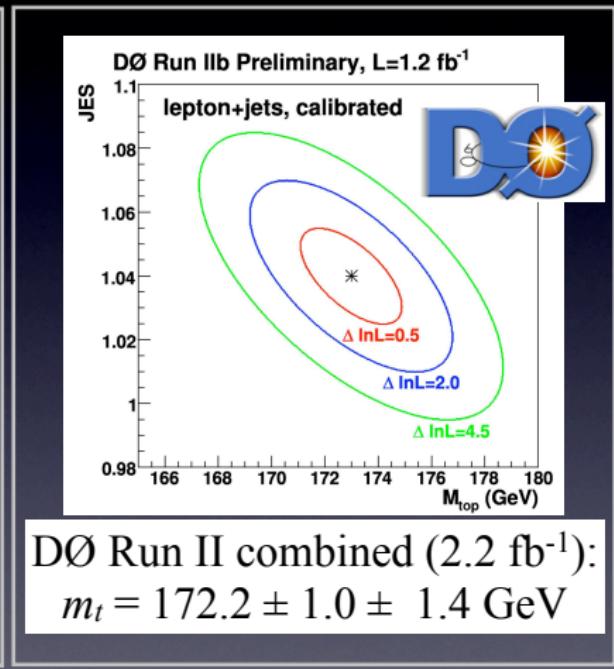
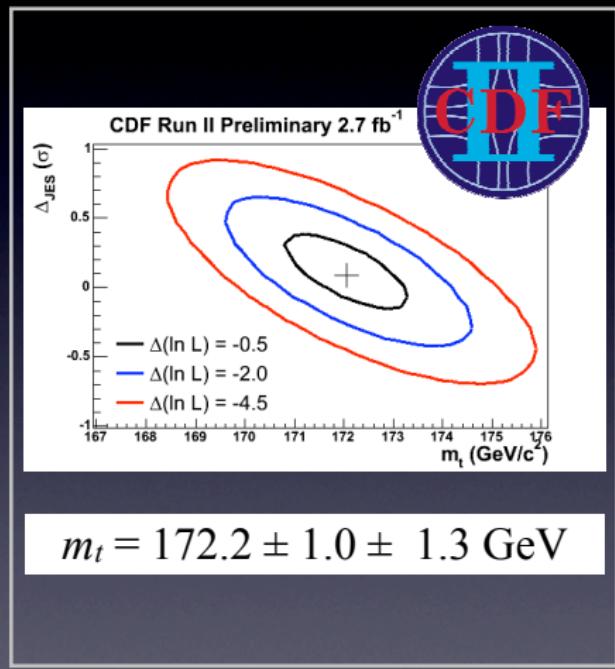
# Production Cross Section

- The  $t\bar{t}$  cross section has been measured in many final states
  - new physics may impact final states differently



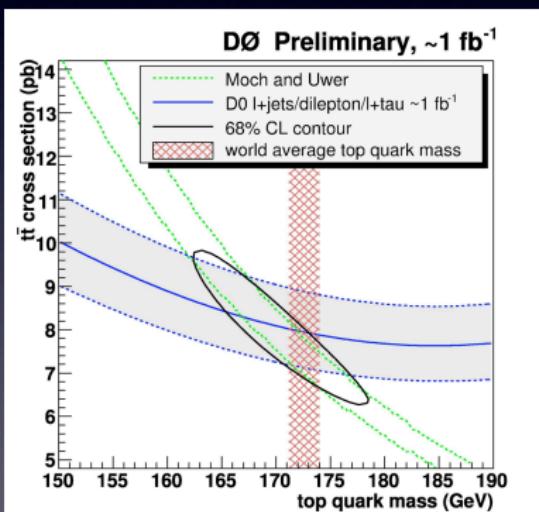
# Top Quark Mass ( $\ell + \text{jets}$ )

- Results:



# Mass Measurement from Cross Sections

- Assuming that production is governed by SM, can compare measured to calculated cross sections to extract top mass
  - mass is measured in a well-defined renormalization scheme
  - systematics largely uncorrelated with other methods



NLO+NLL cross section:

M. Cacciari *et al.* (2008)

$$m_t = 167.8 \pm 5.7 \text{ GeV}$$

Approx NNLO cross section:

S. Moch and P. Uwer (2008)

$$m_t = 169.6 \pm 5.4 \text{ GeV}$$

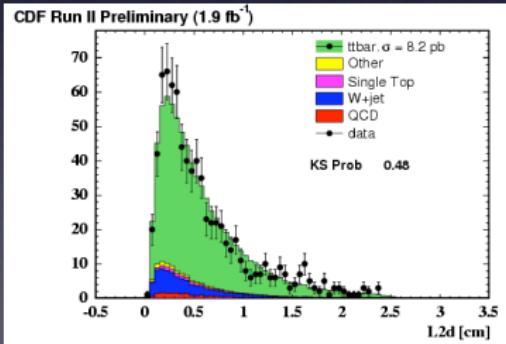
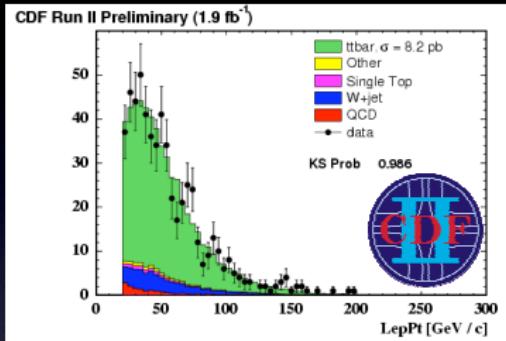
# Top Quark Mass without Jet Energy

- Use observables that vary with top mass but have no first-order dependence on jet response
  - lepton  $p_T$
  - $b$  decay length in  $xy$  plane

$$m_t = 175.3 \pm 6.2 \pm 3.0 \text{ GeV}$$

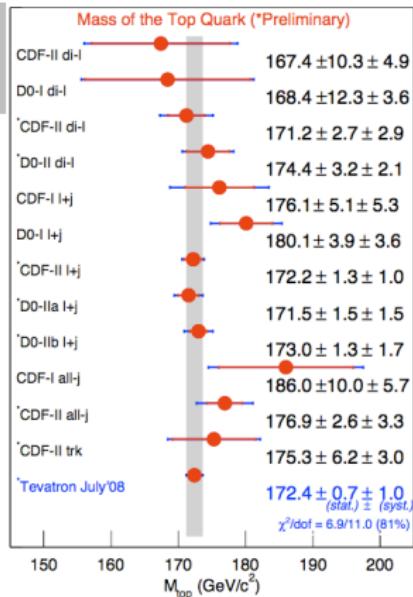
Systematics largely orthogonal to other measurements

Currently statistics-limited,  
but will be an important  
technique at the LHC

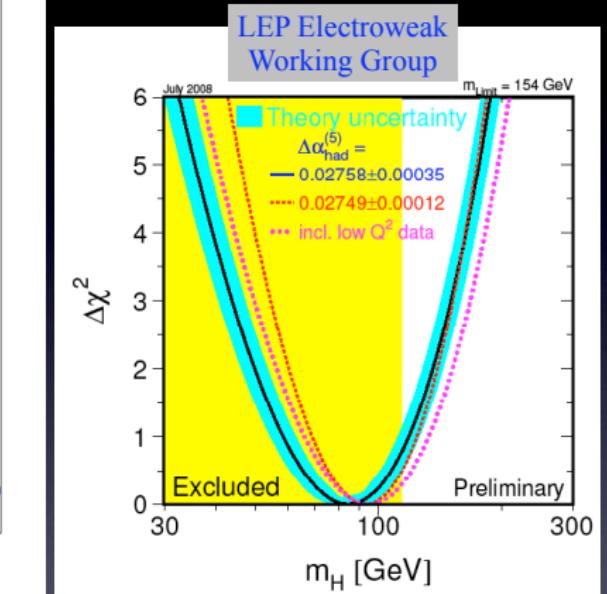


# World Average Top Quark Mass

Tevatron  
Electroweak  
Working Group



$m_t = 172.4 \pm 0.7 \pm 1.0$  GeV  
0.7 % precision



$m_H < 154$  GeV @ 95% C.L.  
 $< 185$  GeV  
with LEP2 limit

# Search for Invisible Decays

- Measure absolute rate (rather than fraction) of events with 2  $b$ -tagged jets to determine  $B(t \rightarrow X)$ 
  - sensitive to invisible top decays

$X$  is any state with different acceptance than  $Wb$

Sample	2 Jets	3 Jets	4 Jets	$\geq 5$ Jets
$WW$	$0.5 \pm 0.1$	$0.5 \pm 0.1$	$0.2 \pm 0.0$	$0.1 \pm 0.0$
$WZ$	$2.6 \pm 0.3$	$0.8 \pm 0.1$	$0.2 \pm 0.0$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$
$ZZ$	$0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$
Single Top ( $s$ )	$8.4 \pm 1.2$	$2.8 \pm 0.4$	$0.7 \pm 0.1$	$0.1 \pm 0.0$
Single Top ( $t$ )	$2.0 \pm 0.3$	$1.8 \pm 0.2$	$0.5 \pm 0.1$	$0.1 \pm 0.0$
Z+LF	$1.1 \pm 0.2$	$0.7 \pm 0.1$	$0.2 \pm 0.0$	$0.1 \pm 0.0$
$Wb\bar{b}$	$33.9 \pm 13.3$	$10.6 \pm 4.3$	$2.0 \pm 0.9$	$0.5 \pm 0.2$
$Wc\bar{c}/Wc$	$6.1 \pm 2.5$	$2.7 \pm 1.1$	$0.7 \pm 0.3$	$0.2 \pm 0.1$
Mistags	$4.3 \pm 1.0$	$2.6 \pm 0.7$	$0.7 \pm 0.2$	$0.2 \pm 0.1$
Non- $W$	$2.7 \pm 1.9$	$0.8 \pm 1.5$	$0.5 \pm 1.5$	$0.2 \pm 1.5$
Total Background	$61.6 \pm 16.6$	$23.4 \pm 7.3$	$5.7 \pm 3.3$	$1.4 \pm 1.7$
SM $t\bar{t}$ (8.8 pb)	$32.9 \pm 5.2$	$90.2 \pm 14.1$	$113.7 \pm 17.6$	$41.1 \pm 6.3$
Total Prediction	$94.5 \pm 17.4$	$113.6 \pm 15.9$	$119.4 \pm 17.9$	$42.5 \pm 6.5$
Observed	107.0	118.0	115.0	44.0



$B(t \rightarrow Zc) < 13\%$   
 $B(t \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 9\%$

# Z Pair Production @ DØ (1.7-2.7 fb<sup>-1</sup>)

ZZ $\rightarrow$ llvv channel: new missing E<sub>T</sub> estimator, likelihood to separate WW background (S/B=0.25)

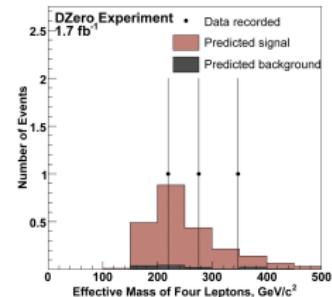
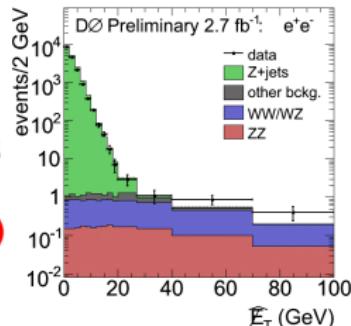
ZZ $\rightarrow$ llll: no candidate in first 1 fb<sup>-1</sup>, then 3 candidates in 1.7 fb<sup>-1</sup>

Result  $\sigma = (1.48 \pm 0.59^{+0.17}_{-0.19})$  pb (stat+syst)  
Observation

Channel	ZZ $\rightarrow$ llvv	ZZ $\rightarrow$ llll'	Combined
Observed Results			
p-value	$4.0 \times 10^{-3}$	$4.3 \times 10^{-8}$	
significance	$2.7\sigma$	$5.3\sigma$	$5.7\sigma$

Expected significance  $4.8\sigma$

Hopefully not last diboson process to be observed at Tevatron  
available on arxiv this week



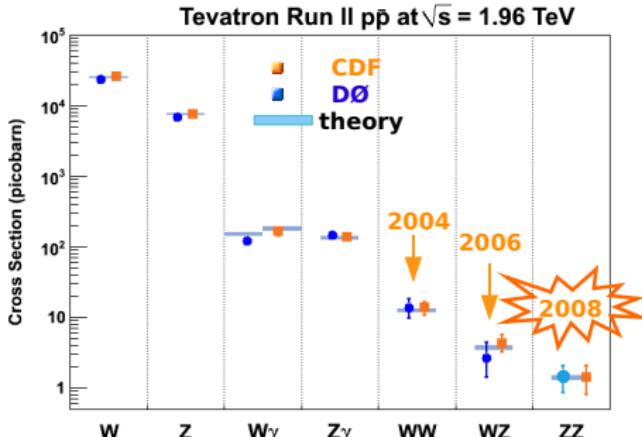
CDF observes ZZ too!

# Cross Sections Summary

All diboson processes involving  $W/Z/\gamma$  observed at Tevatron .....

..... but only in the fully leptonic decay channels

Both experiments working on selecting diboson processes with  $W/Z \rightarrow \text{jets}$ , large  $W/Z + \text{jets}$  background



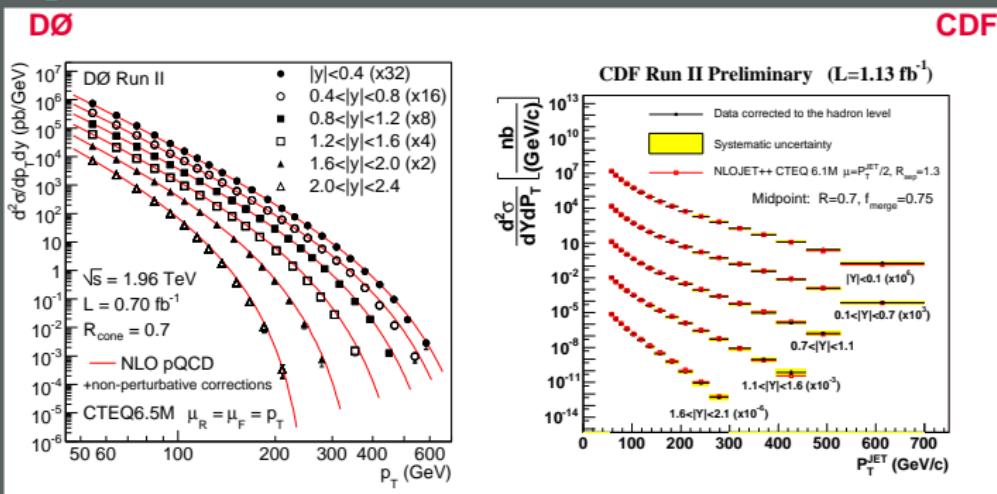
Proving ground for analysis techniques for Higgs searches and theory calculations / Montecarlos



## Jet cross sections at TevaTron



- Inclusive-jet cross sections in  $p\bar{p}$  collisions: high precision measurements at high  $E_T^{\text{jet}}$ , where new physics might show up (and sensitive to  $g$  PDF at high  $x$ )



- Good description of data by NLO QCD calculations
- These measurements constitute the most stringent test of pQCD at highest available energies

DØ, abstract 506, hep-ex/0802.2400

CDF, abstract 452, CDF/DOC/JET/PUBLIC/8928

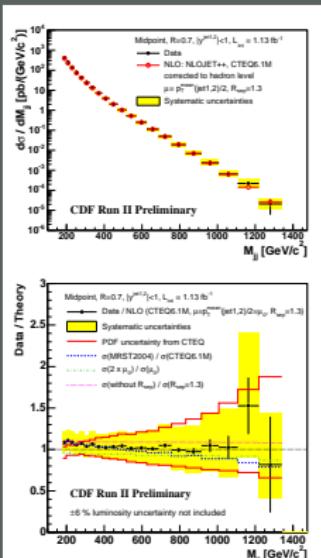
C Glasman (Universidad Autónoma de Madrid)

ICHEP08 (Philadelphia): August 3, 2008

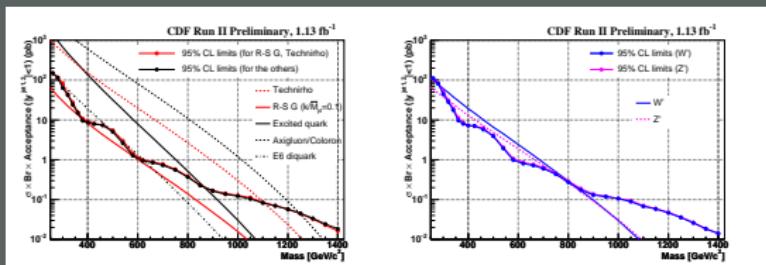
## Jet cross sections at TevaTron



- Jet production dominant at hadron colliders → highest reach in energy and probe of hard interactions at shortest distances
  - dijet production ideal to test SM and search for new physics (narrow resonances in dijet mass spectrum)



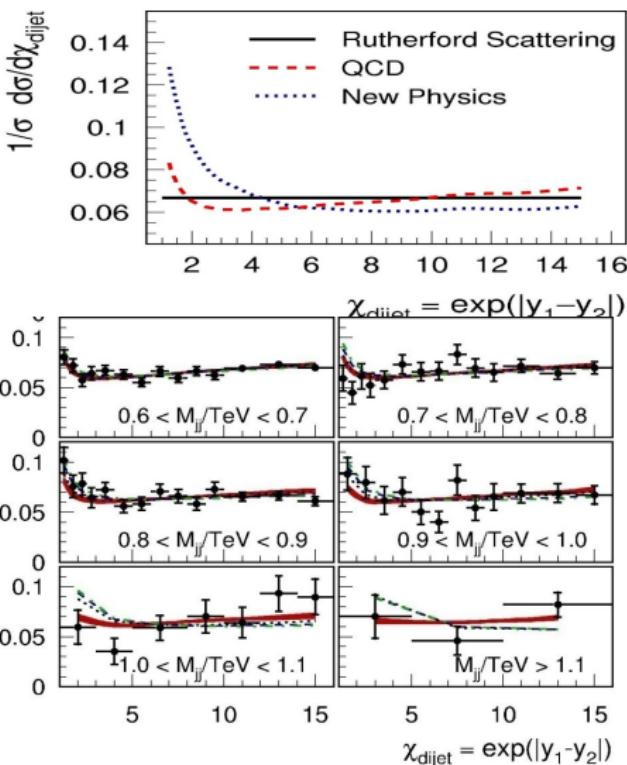
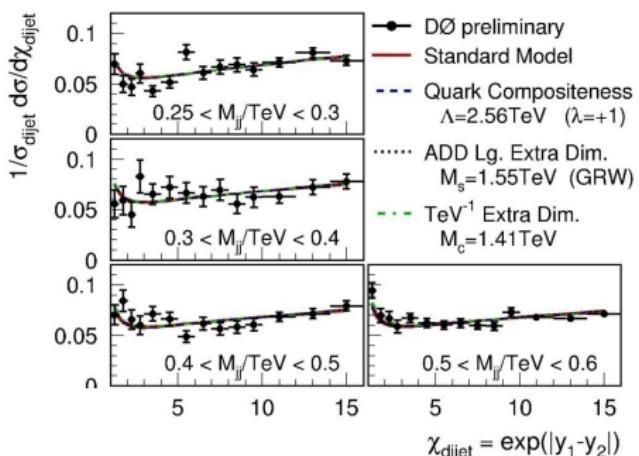
- Good description of data by NLO QCD over whole  $M_{jj}$  range ( $0.2 < M_{jj} < 1.4 \text{ TeV}$ )
- Set limits on new physics: excited quarks,  $W'$ ,  $Z'$  and gravitons



# Dijet angular distributions

Variable  $\chi_{\text{dijet}} = \exp(|y_1 - y_2|)$

- Flat for Rutherford scattering
- Slightly shaped for pQCD
- New physics enhances low end



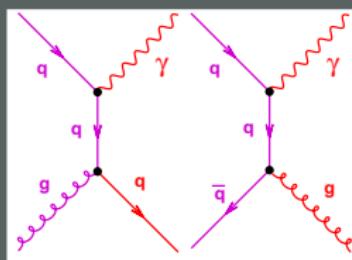
Compositeness ( $\lambda = +1$ ):  $\Lambda > 2.6 \text{ TeV}$ ;

ADD extra dim ( $n = 4$ ):  $M_s > 1.6 \text{ TeV}$ ; TeV<sup>-1</sup> extra dim:  $M_c > 1.4 \text{ TeV}$ .



## Prompt photons + jets at TevaTron

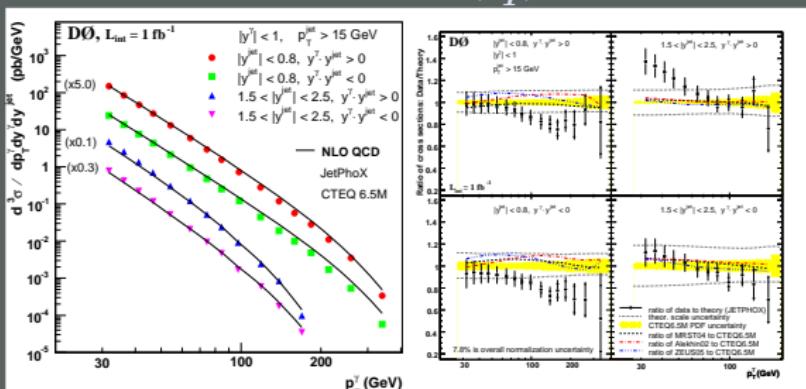
- Production of isolated photons in association with jets:  $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma + \text{jet} + X$



→ probe of dynamics of hard QCD interactions  
 – different angular configurations test different  $x$  and  $Q^2$  regions → constrain on PDFs

$$0.007 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.8, 900 \leq Q^2 \equiv (p_T^\gamma)^2 \leq 1.6 \cdot 10^5 \text{ GeV}^2$$

- Measurements as a function of  $p_T^\gamma$  for different photon and jet rapidities →

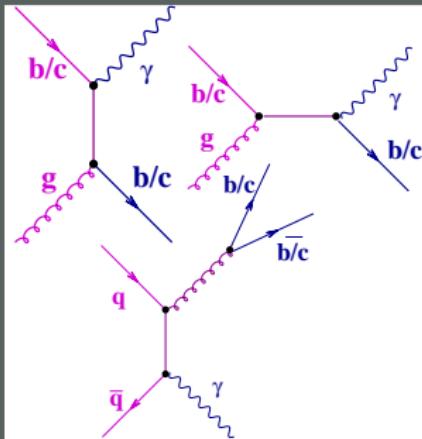


- NLO predictions with various PDF sets do not describe shape of cross section over entire measured range simultaneously  
 → an improved theoretical description of  $\gamma + \text{jet}$  production is needed

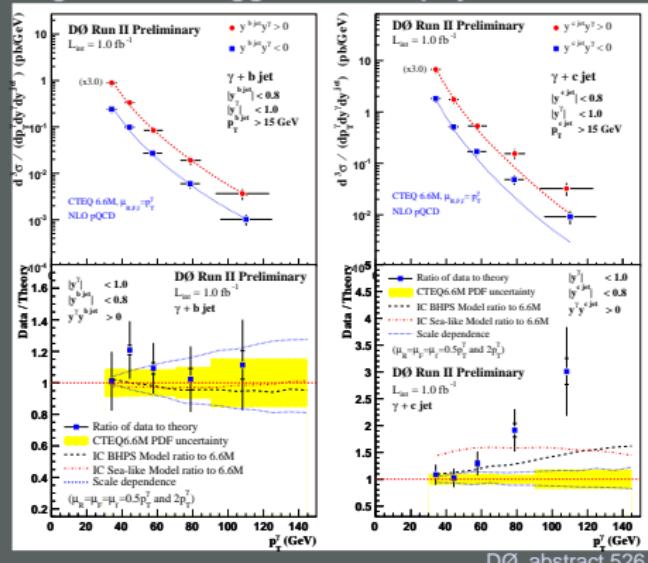
D0, abstract 509, hep-ex/0804.1107



## $\gamma + b/c - \text{jets}$ at Tevatron



- Production of  $\gamma$  in association with  $b/c$ -jets
  - tests of pQCD
  - sensitive to  $b/c$  pPDFs
  - background to Higgs and new physics



- Comparison with NLO predictions:
  - good agreement for  $\gamma + b(c)$  in all  $p_T^{\gamma}$  ( $p_T^{\gamma} < 50$  GeV)
  - difference for  $\gamma + c$  grows with increasing  $p_T^{\gamma} \rightarrow$  can be attributed to intrinsic charm, uncertainties in  $g \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}, \dots$

C Glasman (Universidad Autónoma de Madrid)

ICHEP08 (Philadelphia): August 3, 2008

# There's lots more...

- Heavy flavor:
  - ▶ New measurements of  $B_s^0$ ,  $B_c$ ,  $\Lambda_b$ ,  $\Sigma_b$ ,  $\Xi_b$ .
  - ▶ CP violation in  $B_s^0$ .
  - ▶  $V_{td}/V_{ts}$  from  $B_d$ ,  $B_s$  mixing.
- Beyond Standard Model:
  - ▶ SUSY/leptoquark limits.
  - ▶ Charged massive stable particle search.
  - ▶ Monojet/monophoton searches,  $Z'$ .
- SUSY Higgs searches.
- Top physics:
  - ▶  $Wtb$  coupling,  $B(t \rightarrow Wb)/B(t \rightarrow Wq)$ ,  $F(gg)$ .
  - ▶ Forward/backward asymmetry,  $W$  helicity.
  - ▶  $m(t\bar{t})$ ,  $t'$ , FCNC limits.
- Electroweak:
  - ▶  $Z$   $p_T$  form factor.
  - ▶  $A_{FB}$
- QCD
  - ▶ Underlying event.
  - ▶  $W/Z + \text{jets}$  and heavy flavor.